

Mouse Prothrombin ELISA Kit

Vertrieb:

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Hinweis/Note:

Der Packungsbeileger dient nur als erste Information. Der relevante Packungsbeileger liegt der Ware bei.

The datasheet is only a first information.

The relevant datasheet is included with the product.

For any questions regarding troubleshooting or performing the assay, please contact our support team at support@assaypro.com.

Thank you for choosing Assaypro.

Assay Summary

Add 50 µl of standard/sample per well. Incubate 2 hours.



Wash, then add 50 µl of biotinylated antibody per well. Incubate 1 hour.



Wash, then add 50 µl of SP per well. Incubate 30 minutes.



Wash, then add 50 µl of Chromogen Substrate per well. Incubate 10 minutes.



Add 50 μ l of Stop Solution per well. Read at 450 nm immediately.

Assay Template

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AssayMax Mouse Prothrombin ELISA Kit

Catalog No. EMP3022-1
Sample Insert/Reference Only

Introduction

Prothrombin is also known as Factor II. The conversion of Factor X to Xa changes prothrombin into its active form, thrombin, which then accelerates the formation of fibrin. The level of the plasma prothrombin in the circulating blood decreases during its passage through the pulmonary capillaries (1). The bleeding tendency in acute chloroform intoxication is due to deficiency in both plasma fibrinogen and plasma prothrombin (2). On the other hand, in severe Alzheimer's disease, prothrombin was localized within the wall and neuropil surrounding microvessels (3). It has been reported that plasma prothrombin level increases in sepsis patients (4) and in chronic gastrointestinal disorders (5).

Principle of the Assay

The AssayMax Mouse Prothrombin ELISA (Enzyme-Linked Immunosorbent Assay) kit is designed for detection of mouse prothrombin in plasma, serum, urine, and cell culture supernatants. This assay employs a quantitative sandwich enzyme immunoassay technique that measures mouse prothrombin in less than 4 hours. A polyclonal antibody specific for mouse prothrombin has been pre-coated onto a 96-well microplate with removable strips. Prothrombin in standards and samples is sandwiched by the immobilized antibody and biotinylated polyclonal antibody specific for mouse prothrombin, which is recognized by a streptavidin-peroxidase conjugate. All unbound material is then washed away and a peroxidase enzyme substrate is added. The color development is stopped and the intensity of the color is measured.

Caution and Warning

- Prepare all reagents (working diluent buffer, wash buffer, standards, biotinylated antibody, and SP conjugate) as instructed, prior to running the assav.
- Prepare all samples prior to running the assay. The dilution factors for the samples are suggested in this protocol. However, the user should determine the optimal dilution factor.
- Spin down the SP conjugate vial and the biotinylated antibody vial before opening and using contents.

- This kit is for research use only.
- The kit should not be used beyond the expiration date.
- The Stop Solution is an acidic solution.

Reagents

- Mouse Prothrombin Microplate: A 96-well polystyrene microplate (12 strips of 8 wells) coated with a polyclonal antibody against mouse prothrombin.
- **Sealing Tapes:** Each kit contains 3 precut, pressure sensitive sealing tapes that can be cut to fit the format of the individual assay.
- **Mouse Prothrombin Standard:** Mouse prothrombin in a buffered protein base (50 ng, lyophilized).
- **Biotinylated Mouse Prothrombin Antibody (50x):** A 50-fold concentrated biotinylated polyclonal antibody against mouse prothrombin (140 μl).
- MIX Diluent Concentrate (10x): A 10-fold concentrated buffered protein base (30 ml).
- Wash Buffer Concentrate (20x): A 20-fold concentrated buffered surfactant (30 ml, 2 bottles).
- Streptavidin-Peroxidase Conjugate (SP Conjugate): A 100-fold concentrate (80 μl).
- **Chromogen Substrate**: A ready-to-use stabilized peroxidase chromogen substrate tetramethylbenzidine (8 ml).
- **Stop Solution**: A 0.5 N hydrochloric acid to stop the chromogen substrate reaction (12 ml).

Storage Condition

- Store components of the kit at 2-8°C or -20°C upon arrival up to the expiration date.
- Store SP Conjugate and biotinylated antibody at -20°C.
- Store Microplate, Diluent Concentrate (10x), Wash Buffer, Stop Solution, and Chromogen Substrate at 2-8°C.
- Unused microplate wells may be returned to the foil pouch with the desiccant packs and resealed. May be stored for up to 30 days in a vacuum desiccator.
- Diluent (1x) may be stored for up to 30 days at 2-8°C.
- Store standard at 2-8°C before reconstituting with diluent and at -20°C after reconstituting with diluent.

Other Supplies Required

- Microplate reader capable of measuring absorbance at 450 nm.
- Pipettes (1-20 μl, 20-200 μl, 200-1000 μl and multiple channel).

• Deionized or distilled reagent grade water.

Sample Collection and Storage

- **Plasma:** Collect plasma using one-tenth volume of 0.1 M sodium citrate as an anticoagulant. Centrifuge samples at 3000 x g for 10 minutes. Dilute samples 1:8000 into MIX Diluent and assay. The undiluted samples can be stored at -20°C or below for up to 3 months. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.
- **Serum:** Samples should be collected into a serum separator tube. After clot formation, centrifuge samples at 3000 x g for 10 minutes and remove serum. Dilute samples 1:8000 into MIX Diluent and assay. The undiluted samples can be stored at -20°C or below for up to 3 months. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.
- **Cell Culture Supernatants:** Centrifuge cell culture media at 3000 x g for 10 minutes to remove debris. Collect supernatants and assay. Store samples at -20°C or below. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.
- **Urine:** Collect urine using sample tube. Centrifuge samples at 800 x g for 10 minutes and assay. Store samples at -20°C or below for up to 3 months. Avoid repeated freeze-thaw cycles.

Reagent Preparation

- Freshly dilute all reagents and bring all reagents to room temperature before use.
- MIX Diluent Concentrate (10x): If crystals have formed in the concentrate, mix gently until the crystals have completely dissolved. Dilute the MIX Diluent Concentrate 1:10 with reagent grade water. Store for up to 30 days at 2-8°C.
- Standard Curve: Reconstitute the 50 ng of Mouse Prothrombin Standard with 1 ml of MIX Diluent to generate a stock solution of 50 ng/ml. Allow the standard to sit for 10 minutes with gentle agitation prior to making dilutions. Prepare duplicate or triplicate standard points by serially diluting the standard solution (50 ng/ml) 1:2 with MIX Diluent to produce 25, 12.5, 6.25, 3.125, 1.563, and 0.781 ng/ml solutions. MIX Diluent serves as the zero standard (0 ng/ml). Any remaining solution should be frozen at -20°C and used within 30 days.

Standard Point	Dilution	Mouse Prothrombin (ng/ml)
P1	Standard (50 ng/ml)	50.00
P2	1 part P1 + 1 part MIX Diluent	25.00
Р3	1 part P2 + 1 part MIX Diluent	12.50
P4	1 part P3 + 1 part MIX Diluent	6.250
P5	1 part P4 + 1 part MIX Diluent	3.125
P6	1 part P5 + 1 part MIX Diluent	1.563
P7	1 part P6 + 1 part MIX Diluent	0.781
P8	MIX Diluent	0.000

- **Biotinylated Mouse Prothrombin Antibody (50x):** Spin down the antibody briefly and dilute the desired amount of the antibody 1:50 with MIX Diluent. Any remaining solution should be frozen at -20°C.
- Wash Buffer Concentrate (20x): If crystals have formed in the concentrate, mix gently until the crystals have completely dissolved.
 Dilute the Wash Buffer Concentrate 1:20 with reagent grade water.
- **SP Conjugate (100x):** Spin down the SP Conjugate briefly and dilute the desired amount of the conjugate 1:100 with MIX Diluent. Any remaining solution should be frozen at -20°C.

Assay Procedure

- Prepare all reagents, working standards and samples as instructed. Bring all reagents to room temperature before use. The assay is performed at room temperature (20-25°C).
- Remove excess microplate strips from the plate frame and return them immediately to the foil pouch with desiccants inside. Reseal the pouch securely to minimize exposure to water vapor and store in a vacuum desiccator.
- Add 50 μ l of Mouse Prothrombin Standard or sample per well, and cover wells and incubate for 2 hours. Start the timer after the last sample addition.
- Wash five times with 200 μl of Wash Buffer manually. Invert the plate each time and decant the contents; hit 4-5 times on absorbent material to completely remove the liquid. If using a machine, wash six times with 300 μl of Wash Buffer and then invert the plate, decanting the contents; hit 4-5 times on absorbent material to completely remove the liquid.
- Add 50 μ l of Biotinylated Mouse Prothrombin Antibody to each well and incubate for 1 hour.
- Wash the microplate as described above.
- Add 50 µl of Streptavidin-Peroxidase Conjugate per well and incubate for 30 minutes. Turn on the microplate reader and set up the program in advance.

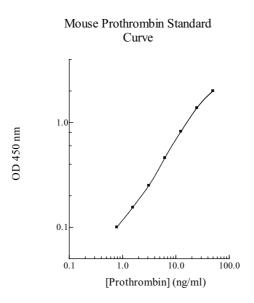
- Wash the microplate as described above.
- Add 50 μ l of Chromogen Substrate per well and incubate for about 10 minutes or till the optimal blue color density develops. Gently tap plate to ensure thorough mixing and break the bubbles in the well with pipette tip.
- Add 50 μ l of Stop Solution to each well. The color will change from blue to yellow.
- Read the absorbance on a microplate reader at a wavelength of 450 nm immediately. If wavelength correction is available, subtract readings at 570 nm from those at 450 nm to correct optical imperfections. Otherwise, read the plate at 450 nm only. Please note that some unstable black particles may be generated at high concentration points after stopping the reaction for about 10 minutes, which will reduce the readings.

Data Analysis

- Calculate the mean value of the duplicate or triplicate readings for each standard and sample.
- To generate a standard curve, plot the graph using the standard concentrations on the x-axis and the corresponding mean 450 nm absorbance on the y-axis. The best-fit line can be determined by regression analysis using log-log or four-parameter logistic curve-fit.
- Determine the unknown sample concentration from the Standard Curve and multiply the value by the dilution factor.

Standard Curve

• The curve is provided for illustration only. A standard curve should be generated each time the assay is performed.



Performance Characteristics

- The minimum detectable dose of mouse prothrombin is typically $^{\sim}$ 0.7 ng/ml.
- Intra-assay and inter-assay coefficients of variation were 5.1% and 7.1% respectively.
- The kit cross-reacts with thrombin.

Linearity

	Average Percentage of Expected Value		
Sample Dilution	Plasma	Serum	
1:4000	97%	94%	
1:8000	101%	98%	
1:16000	104%	101%	

	Average Percentage of Expected Value
Sample Dilution	Urine
No dilution	92%
1:2	89%
1:4	94%

Recovery

Standard Added Value	2 – 20 ng/ml
Recovery %	84 - 110%
Average Recovery %	97%

Cross-Reactivity

Species	% Cross Reactivity
Canine	None
Bovine	None
Monkey	None
Mouse	100%
Rat	5%
Rabbit	None
Swine	None
Human	None

References

- (1) William DE W. Andrus et al. (1940) Science 91, 2350, 48 50
- (2) H. P. Smith et al. (1937) The Journal of Experimental Medicine 66, 801-811,
- (3) Zipser BD et al. (2006) Neurobiol Aging. June 15
- (4) Hesselvik JF. (1987) Crit Care Med. Dec; 15(12): 1092-7
- (5) Krasinski SD et al. (1985) Am J Clin Nutr. Mar; 41(3): 639-43

Version 1.8R

Related Products

- EP3022-1 AssayMax Human Prothrombin ELISA Kit (Plasma, Urine, Milk, and Cell Culture samples)
- EPP3022-1 AssayMax Swine Prothrombin ELISA Kit (Plasma, Serum, and Cell Culture samples)